

Ye	ear	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2			
		My town. My school. My road.	United Kingdom	Toys	Paws, Claws and Whiskers	Kenya	Seaside Holidays!			
		Significant historical people and places in their own locality	Black British heroes from the past and present	The history of toys and comparing ones of the past to now	People Over Time	The Platinum Jubilee	Seaside holidays 100 years ago			
				National (	Curriculum					
KS1	Y1 Africa	<ul> <li>Pupils should be taught about the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements.</li> <li>Know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods.</li> <li>Pupils should be taught about changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life.</li> </ul>	Use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms.     Pupils should be taught about the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements.     Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time.	Use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms.  Pupils should be taught about changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life.  Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time.  Ask and answer questions, choosing and using parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of	Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time.	Pupils should be taught events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally [for example, the Great Fire of London, the first aeroplane flight or events commemorated through festivals or anniversaries]     Pupils should be taught about the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements.	<ul> <li>Know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods.</li> <li>Some significant individuals should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods.</li> <li>Introduce pupils to historical periods that they will study more fully at key stages 2 and 3.</li> <li>Understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented</li> </ul>			
		events.  Knowledge and Understanding: End Point Assessment								
		<ul> <li>Give reasons how         Knutsford was different in         the "olden days"         compared to today.</li> <li>List places and people         important to Knutsford         and the local area.</li> <li>Label a drawing with         captions.</li> <li>List the differences         between a photograph of         a place in the past to one         of today.</li> </ul>	List some influential black figures from British history  Explain why a figure from history was important and why we still remember them today  Understand how key British figures come from a variety of ethnic backgrounds  Use the term migration accurately to describe the events in a person's life	Sort toys into different groups, including age and time.  Match labels to objects and photographs.  Give reasons why they know a toy is old or new.  Carry out a simple survey of their grandparents' favourite toys.  Link a toy from the past to the person that played with it (parent/grandparent)	Use a photograph of themselves as a baby to explain how they are different now.     Put pictures of themselves at different ages into the right order.     Match pictures of different objects to either a baby, children or adult.	<ul> <li>Independently provide key facts about Queen Elizabeth II.</li> <li>Match labels to images of key events from her life before she became queen.</li> <li>Sequence images of jubilee celebrations from 1897 – 2012.</li> <li>Distinguish between significant and minor events.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify at least three period-specific features of a Victorian seaside holiday.</li> <li>Compare pictures of seaside holidays in the past and list what they have in common.</li> <li>Give reasons why the seaside was so popular.</li> <li>List ways seaside holidays are different now.</li> </ul>			

Fighting Fit!	Around the World	Fire, Fire!	Land Ahoy!	Nightingale and Seacole	Go Wild!
All About Me	Birthdays & Christmas	Great Fire of London	Beaches over Time	Florence Nightingale & Mary Seacole	Gender Equality (History Skills Re-Cap)
		National (	Curriculum		
about changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life.	Pupils should be taught events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally [events commemorated through festivals or anniversaries] Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time.	Pupils should be taught events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally [for example, the Great Fire of London, the first aeroplane flight or events commemorated through festivals or anniversaries]     Understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past and identify different ways in which it is represented.     Ask and answer questions, choosing and using parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events.	Know where the people and events they study fit within a chronological framework and identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods.     Some significant individuals should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods.	<ul> <li>Pupils should be taught about the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements.</li> <li>Some significant individuals should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods.</li> <li>Ask and answer questions, choosing and using parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Introduce pupils to historical periods that they will study more fully at key stages 2 and 3.</li> <li>Use a wide vocabulary of everyday historical terms.</li> <li>Pupils should be taught events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally.</li> </ul>
		<b>Knowledge and Understan</b>	ding: End Point Assessmen		
<ul> <li>Draw and label pictures of themselves at different ages.</li> <li>Write sentences clearly explaining how they are different now to when they were younger.</li> <li>Compare the experiences of others in the class to their own.</li> </ul>	Use labels/sentences to compare different celebrations.  Use more than one piece of evidence to support their point.  Explain why people have different opinions of the same event.	Clearly retell the main events of the Great Fire of London. Recall that the fire happened in 1666 and name the king at the time (Charles II). Explain who they think was most responsible for the fire out of a range of options.	Label drawings of seaside holidays in the past and the present to compare them (Victorian / 1930s, 1950s). Retell a trip to the beach in the past using accurate historical language. Explain why the types of sources change over time.	<ul> <li>List reasons why Florence Nightingale is still remembered.</li> <li>Compare the lives of Mary Seacole to Florence Nightingale.</li> <li>List what they think each of the greatest achievements was.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand that society has changed over time and this meant the lives of the people in it were different</li> <li>List ways that people have campaigned for equality in the past.</li> </ul>
ar Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2



		Tribal T	'ales	Mountains, Volcanoes and Natural Disasters	Plants of the World	Espana	Gods and Mortals
		Study of the Stone	Age to Iron Age	Natural Disasters and Mary Anning	Chickens are Dinosaurs?	History of Spain	Study of Ancient Greece
				National	Curriculum		
LKS2	Europe	<ul> <li>Pupils should be taught about changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age</li> <li>Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study.</li> <li>Note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms.</li> <li>Pupils should be taught a local history study</li> </ul>		Regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance.      Construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information.	Regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance.	Understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources.     Construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information.	Pupils should be taught Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world  Construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information.  Understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources.
	У3			Knowledge and Understar	nding: End Point Assessme	nt	
	K3	<ul> <li>Annotate changes showing pictures from Middle and New Stone Age.</li> <li>Write an explanation of why Stonehenge was built.</li> <li>Compare the lives of hunter-gatherers to farmers.</li> </ul>	between an artist's reconstruction of the Iron Age with the evidence that backs it up.  Describe life in an Iron Age hill fort.	<ul> <li>Compare the short term and long term effects of a natural disaster.</li> <li>Retell a natural disaster with clear chronology and using accurate dates.</li> <li>List reasons why Mary Anning's life was significant.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explain how and why history is being constantly rewritten (giving examples).</li> <li>Compare different artist interpretations of dinosaurs in terms of their accuracy.</li> <li>Explain how new fossil discoveries have made books in the school library inaccurate.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>List some key events from the history of Spain (see vocabulary above).</li> <li>Understand what a civil war is and how it is different from other wars.</li> <li>Make comparisons between the history of Spain and Britain (Empires).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Annotate timelines showing why events were significant.</li> <li>List ways that the lives of women in Ancient Greece was different from men.</li> <li>Support their opinion of why Athens defeated Persia with evidence from different sources.</li> </ul>



	Tomb Raiders	Electricity	Water World	Romans	India	The Sound of Music
	Roman Britain	History of Electricity: Thomas Edison	Creating overview of invasions of British Isles.	Ancient Egypt	Interpretations in History (British Empire)	Oral histories
			National	Curriculum		
sia	Pupils should be taught the Roman Empire and its impact on Britain     Pupils should be taught a local history study	<ul> <li>Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study.</li> <li>Note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms</li> </ul>	Pupils should be taught a study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066     Regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance.	Pupils should be taught the achievements of the earliest civilizations – an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of one of the following: Ancient Sumer; The Indus Valley; Ancient Egypt; The Shang Dynasty of Ancient China	Pupils should be taught a study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066     Understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources.	Construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information.  Understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources.
Y4 Asia			nowledge and Understar	nding: End Point Assessn	nent	
Y4	Recount key dates and the names of the leaders involved in Roman retain.  List reason for the domination of the Roman Empire.  State the key cause of the decline of the Roman Empire and defend its importance against other causes.  Connect features in present day Chester (Deva) to those during Roman Britain.	Sequence illustrations of several points in history into a timeline.  Explain which electrical invention they think was the most significant and why.  Recall key facts about Thomas Edison and his influence on modern society.	Correctly sequence periods of history studied so far from Reception to Year 4.  List some of the Empires and peoples that have invaded and occupied the British Isles.  Connect their knowledge of history to their learning in spelling to explain why these invasions have changed the English language.	<ul> <li>Spot anachronisms in an illustration of Ancient Egypt life and explain why they do not belong in the period.</li> <li>Explain how the Ancient Egyptian belief system influenced the life of its citizens.</li> <li>Describe the tiers of Ancient Egypt's hierarchical society.</li> <li>Recount the discovery of Tutankhamun's Tomb by Howard Carter and explain its significance.</li> </ul>	Recall key reasons why the British Empire was so successful.  List some of the key territories occupied by the British during the period studied.  Explain how the British occupation in Asia has changed their societies today.	Explain why some speeches in history are so significant and influential.      Listen to a variety of eyewitness testimonies and explain their historical value.      Understand that technology means the way we record history now is vastly different to that of other periods studied.

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		Anglo-Saxons	Vikings	Extreme Environments	The Ancient Maya	Natural Resources	Star Gazers		
			the times of the Anglo- d Vikings*	Explorers and Adventurers	The lives of the Ancient Mayans*	Early Islamic Achievements	Beyond Face Value		
		National Curriculum							
UKS2	Y5 North America	<ul> <li>Pupils should be taught Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots Examples</li> <li>Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pupils should be taught the Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor</li> <li>Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study.</li> <li>Note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms.</li> <li>Understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources.</li> </ul>	Pupils should be taught a non-European society that provides contrasts with British history – one study chosen from: early Islamic civilization, including a study of Baghdad c. AD 900; Mayan civilization c. AD 900; Benin (West Africa) c. AD 900-1300. Regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance.	<ul> <li>Regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance.</li> <li>Note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms.</li> <li>Construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Construct informed         responses that involve         thoughtful selection and         organisation of relevant         historical information.</li> <li>Note connections, contrasts         and trends over time and         develop the appropriate use         of historical terms.</li> </ul>		
		Knowledge and Understanding: End Point Assessment							
		<ul> <li>Sequence events from the end of Roman Britain (Y4HT1) with the Anglo-Saxon period.</li> <li>Identify different regions on a map of Anglo-Saxon Britain.</li> <li>Explain the legacy of the Anglo-Saxons with regard to language, politics and our modern counties.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explain how the territories of the British Isles changed in the Viking invasion.</li> <li>Explain who Alfred the Great was and why he is significant in history.</li> <li>Compare the lifestyle and settlement of Viking farmers to those of other periods studied.</li> </ul>	Compare the technology used by different explorers in periods.     Compare maps of the known world and how these have changed over time.     Justify their choice of a key explorer from history.	Place the Ancient Maya civilisation in the timeline of world history.  List similarities between this period and other ancient times studied (Egypt, Greece).  Explain how city-states were structured.  List key features of the Mayan society.	Explain the importance of Arab Muslims' contributions to modern sciences / academia.     Explain the origins of Islam in the 7th Century and why it spread so quickly.     Describe Baghdad in its Golden Age.	<ul> <li>Explain how the author and their motives changes the context of a picture.</li> <li>Select images from a painting that they feel have been included for a specific reason.</li> <li>Explain what the term propaganda means.</li> </ul>		

	Life in Tudor Times	Heart Beaters	Brazil, Biomes and Urbanisation	Crime and Punishment	Global Trade		
	Life in Tudor Times*		Ideas Over Time: Electricity	Crime and Punishment from 1066*	Charles Darwin - Victorian Scientis		
			National	Curriculum			
Y6 South America	Pupils should be taught a study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066		<ul> <li>Note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms.</li> <li>Regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pupils should continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study.</li> <li>Note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms.</li> <li>Regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Construct informed responses that invo thoughtful selection organisation of rele historical information.</li> <li>Understand how out knowledge of the proposition constructed from a range of sources.</li> </ul>		
_	Knowledge and Understanding: End Point Assessment						
	<ul> <li>Make deductions based on visual clues in the portraits of Henry VIII and Elizabeth I.</li> <li>Sequence between 4 and 6 key events in Henry VIII's break with Rome.</li> <li>Make deductions about the wealth of individuals from their inventories.</li> <li>Compare different reasons why England and Spain went to war.</li> <li>Describe how a trip to the theatre was different for different levels of society.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Place key events in electrical technology on a timeline</li> <li>Make connections between an advancement and its era</li> <li>Rank events in terms of their impact on our present society</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explain how justice in the Middle Ages depended almost entirely on the community.</li> <li>Interpret statistical data make inferences on the nature of crime and punishment in a particular period.</li> <li>Use Robin Hood as a source showing attitudes to medieval justice.</li> <li>List the changes in crimes and punishments in the second half of the 20<sup>th</sup> century, including highwaymen and witchcraft.</li> <li>Explain the growth of the police and prison systems during the end of the 20<sup>th</sup> Century and make</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explain the importan Darwin's voyage on t HMS Beagle to the hi of science.</li> <li>List the various impact the publication of the Origin of Species.</li> <li>Make an argument f against Darwin's inclusion British currency.</li> </ul>		